## CS-1 84: Computer Graphics

Lecture \#3: Shading

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volifen:10

|  | Announcements |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| - Assignment I: due Friday, Sept 2 |  |  |
| - Assignment 2: due Tuesday, Sept 6 |  |  |
| - Assignment 3: due Monday, Sept 19 | $\square$ |  |
|  |  |  |

Wednesday, August 31, 11



Wednesday, August 31, 11


| LOCal Shading |
| :--- | :--- |
| • Examples of non-local phenomena |
| • Shadows |
| • Reflections |
| • Refraction |
| • Indirect lighting |

Wednesday, August 31, 11



Wednesday, August 31, 11


|  | Obtaining BRDFS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Measure from real materials <br> - Computer simulation <br> - Simple model + complex geometry <br> - Derive model by analysis <br> - Make something up |

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|  | Beyond BRDFS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | The BRDF model does not capture everything <br> $\cdot$ e.g. Subsurface scattering (BSSRDF) |



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Wednesday, August 31, 11



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Wednesday, August 31, 11

| Diffuse Component |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Plot light leaving in a given direction: |


| Diffuse Component |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Plot light leaving in a given direction: |  |

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|  | Specular Component |
| :--- | :--- |
| • Specular component is a mirror-like reflection |  |
| • Phong Illumination Model |  |
| • A reasonable approximation for some surfaces |  |
| • Fairly cheap to compute |  |
| • Depends on view direction |  |

Specular Component

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|  | Specular Component |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |



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Specular Component

|  | Specular Component |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Specular exponent sometimes called "roughness" |  |

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|  | Ambient Term |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| - Really, its a cheap hack |  |
| - Accounts for "ambient, omnidirectional light" |  |
| - Without it everything looks like it's in space |  |



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| Anisotropy |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\square$ |
|  |  | $\square$ |


|  | Metal -vs- Plastic |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\square$ |

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|  | Metal -vs- Plastic |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | Other Color Effects |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\square$ |

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|  | Measured BRDFs |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| BRDFs for automotive paint |  |
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## Direction -vs- Point Lights

- For a point light, the light direction changes over the surface
- For "distant" light, the direction is constant
- Similar for orthographic/perspective viewer
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Spot and Other Lights



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|  | Surface Normals |
| :--- | :--- |
| - The normal vector at a point on a surface is perpendicular |  |
| to all surface tangent vectors |  |
| - For triangles normal given by right-handed cross product |  |
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|  | Flat Shading |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |


|  | Smooth Shading |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Compute "average" normal at vertices |  |
| - Interpolate across polygons |  |
| - Use threshold for "sharp" edges |  |
| • Vertex may have different normals for each face |  |

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| Phong Shading |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Compute shading at each pixel <br> - Interpolate normals from vertices <br> - Pros: looks smooth, better speculars <br> - Cons: expensive |

