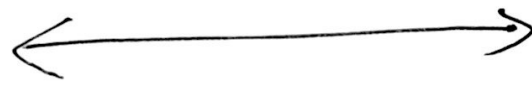


Last time: Diffie Hellman key exchange

Alice
 SK_A, PK_A
 K



Bob
 SK_B, PK_B
 K

Public-key encryption

$KeyGen() \rightarrow SK, PK$

$Enc(PK, m) \rightarrow c$ \rightarrow asymmetric cryptography

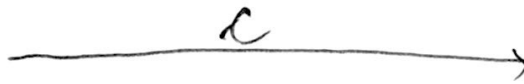
$Dec(SK, c) \rightarrow m$

Alice
 PK_A, SK_A

Public: PK_A, PK_B

Bob
 PK_B, SK_B

m
 $c \leftarrow Enc(PK_B, m)$



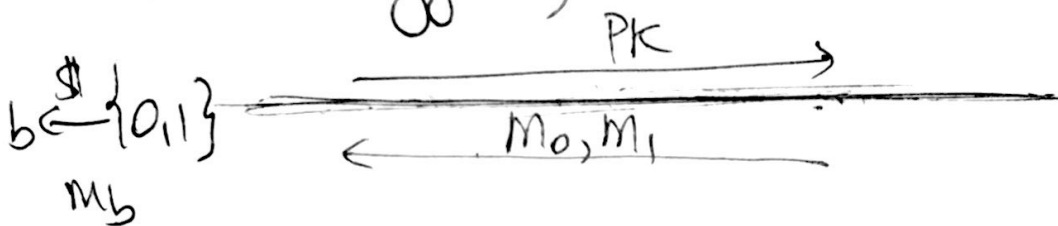
$Dec(SK_B, c) = m$

Security: (similar to IND-CPA), called semantic security

Ch

Adv(ersary)

$SK, PK \leftarrow \text{keygen}()$



$c \leftarrow \text{Enc}(PK, m_b)$

b' ($= 0$ if Adv thinks m_0 was encrypted
 $= 1$ else (m_1))

$$\Pr[\text{cAdv}(\cdot) \rightarrow b' : b' = b] = \text{negl } \frac{1}{2} + \text{negl}$$

El Gamal encryption (1985)

KeyGen():

- generate random prime p ^{large} 2048-bits,

$$g \quad 1 < g < p-1$$

$$k \quad 0 < k < p-1$$

$SK = k$
secret

$PK = (g^k \bmod p, p, g)$
public

Safe because of Discrete Log Assumption & Decision Diffie-Hellman Assumption

Enc(PK, m): $m \in [1, p-1]$

- pick random $r \in [1, p-1]$ (secret)

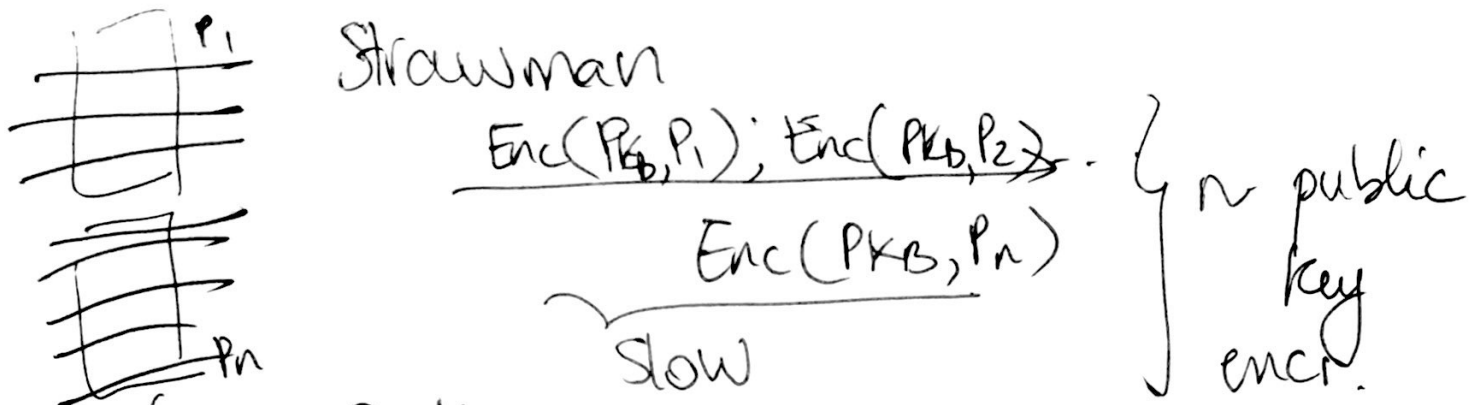
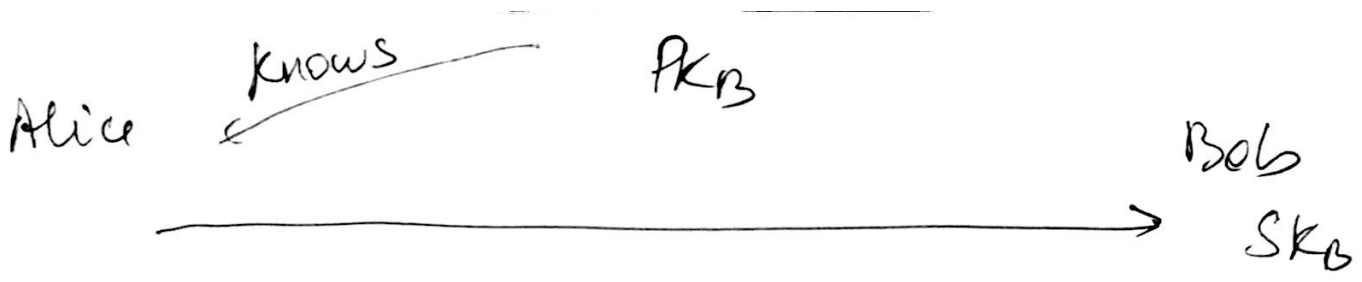
No r in C!!!

$C = [g^r \bmod p, m \cdot PK^r \bmod p]$

does not hide a message that is 0

Dec(SK, C): (C_1, C_2)

$$C_2 \cdot (C_1)^{-k} \bmod p = m \cdot (g^k)^r \cdot (g^r)^{-k}$$



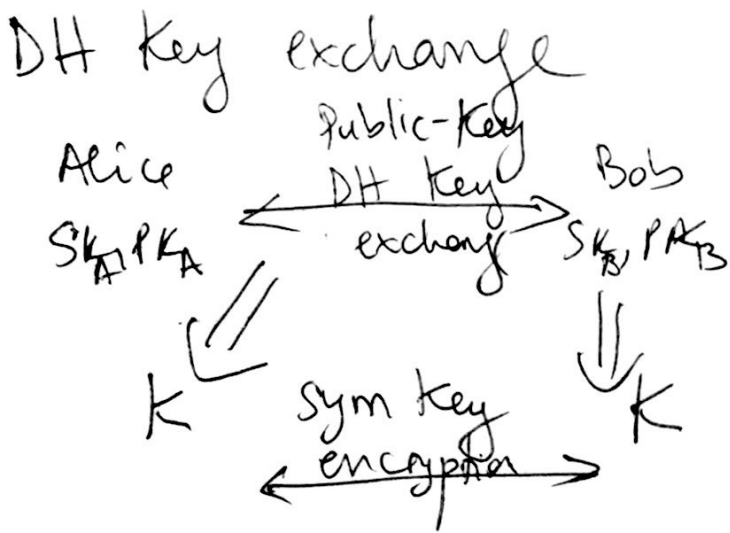
big files Better:

Alice generates symmetric key k

$Enc(k, file)$ [CTR mode...]: symmetric-key enc.

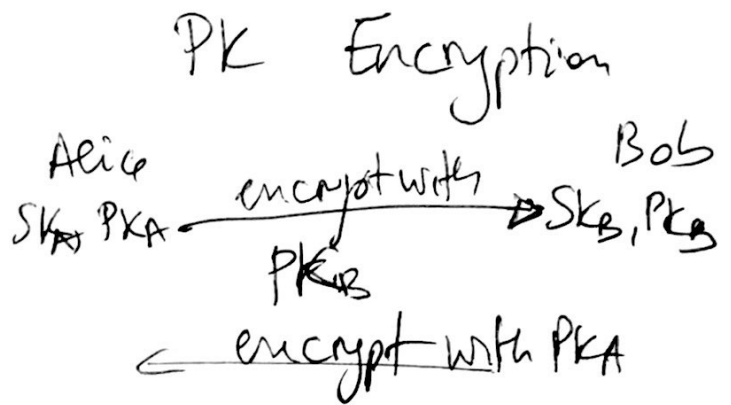
$Enc(PK_B, k)$: public key enc \rightarrow only one PK enc

sym. key enc \gg faster PK enc



interactive

SSL encrypted communications
when parties are online



non-interactive

e.g. email, when a party is offline

Cryptographic hash functions

$$H: \{0, 1\}^* \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^l$$

any size \rightarrow fixed length

SHA256 \Rightarrow 256 bits of output

$H(x)$ = hash of x
digest / fingerprint of x

the output of H looks like a random string.

$$x = 1001011 \dots 1110$$

$$y = \text{-----}1$$

$H(x)$ very different, $H(y)$ roughly half bits different

deterministic

Security:

1) one-way function: \forall poly-time attackers

$$\Pr [x \leftarrow \{0, 1\}^l; y \leftarrow H(x); \text{Adv}(y) = x' : H(x') = y] = \text{negl}$$

2) Collision resistance

No one can find x and x' s.t. $H(x) = H(x')$
 $x \neq x'$